





ESSENTIAL STONE AGE VOCABULARY		15,000- 10,000 BC	15,000 BC- 10,000 BC	6,000 BC	4,500- 3,000 BC	4,000- 3,00 BC) 2,750 BC	3,500 – 3,350 BC	2,500 BC		
Neanderthal	A species of human that lived in ice-age Europe thousands of years ago.	Stone Age dwellers make cave paintings	Stone Age dwellers use animal hide to make tents	The last land bridge is covered by the sea	People begin to make simple pottery	Horses are domesticated and ridden		Evidence of wheeled vehicles	Stone Age ends		
Skara Brae	A Neolithic Age site consisting of ten stone structures.						start to become extinct				
weapon	A thing used for inflicting physical damage.	Skara	Brae	т	he Stone Age		Stonehenge				
hunter	A person or animal that hunts.			The Stone Age began 2.7 million years ago when the first dwellers started usin stone tools and it lasted until the Bronz Age began. It is broken up into 3			south of England. It was built at the end of the Stone Age. It was built in stages and some				
gatherer	A person who gathers or collects nuts, berries and fruits.	Skara Brae Neolithic settle in the Orkney	ement located islands of the								
dweller	A person that lives in a specific place.	coast of Scotla of a cluster of		periods:	periods: the Paleolithic Period, Mesolithic Period and Neolithic period		d. stones were brought from Wales, over 240 miles away.				
agriculture	The practice of farming and raising animals for products, e.g. food and wool.	was occupie 3,000 and 2,5 one of the be	00 BC and is	Fun fact! Hun	Fun fact! Humans used animal skins to			It is made of a ring of standing stones, each one around 4 metres tall.			
Neolithic	Relating to the later part of the Stone Age.	sites in E		clothe themselves and to help them to stay warm.			Fun fact! During the Stone Age, humans hunted animals and gathered fruits and nuts. They				
Palaeolithic	The early phase of the Stone Age, lasting around 2.5 Million years.	Cave Paintings					learned how to farm and grew their own crops.				
Mesolithic	Relating to the middle part of the Stone Age.	Most cave paintings showed animals or hunters. Caves could be full of paintings by many different people. Sometimes hand stencils were used by blowing paint around the hand. The paints were created using red and black pigments. Fun fact! The dog was the first animal to become domesticated.					Tools Stone Age people were very skilled in using flint. At the time, they didn't know about metal or metal- working, so they had to learn how to make tools in other ways. They used very hard stones and created a form of				
weaving	The craft of forming fabric by interlacing threads or smaller fabric.					th th					
tribe	A group of people who are often related through family, culture and language.					ed. ot					
carving	Using a sharp tool to shape wood or stone	They were used to help with hunting and to warn of danger.					glue using resin and wax to secure their tools and weapons.				
food source	What people or animals eat. A food source is needed to survive.	MAKING LINKS TO PREVIOUS LEARNING GOLDEN VOCABULARY									
weapon	Relating to the regions around the North Pole	Habitats		Animals' habitats in	clude food source	es.	Stone Age Homes				
		Great Explo	Great Explorers Even		ry civilisation develops its own weapons.		 There were different types of Stone Age homes. Caves Huts and tepees made from wood or mammoth 				
evolving	Adaptation over a very long time.	Evolution	n W	now know more about how living things evolve due to Charles Darwin.							
tactic	A carefully planned action or strategy.	World Wa	urs Ta	actics are planned t	ics are planned to win battles and wars.		bone and covered with animal skin or tree barkWattle and daub houses				
survival	Continuing to live or exist.	Animals Inclu Humans	<u> </u>	imals need to eat a sur	balanced diet to er vival.	nsure	with a thatched roof (at the end of the Stone Age)				